Village of Gates Mills MINUTES OF A SPECIAL MEETING OF COUNCIL June 28, 2022

A special meeting of the Council of the Village of Gates Mills, Ohio was held at the Community House on Tuesday, June 28, 2022 at 5:30 p.m. with Mayor Schneider presiding. The meeting was livestreamed to the internet.

Councilmembers present: Atton, AuWerter, Press, Steinbrink, Turner.

Other Village officials present were Service Director Biggert, Engineer Courtney, Treasurer Siemborski (via Zoom), and Finance Administrator Mulh.

Councilmember Press moved to excuse Councilmembers Deacon and Welsh, with Councilmember Steinbrink seconding the motion.

Roll call:

Ayes: Atton, AuWerter, Press, Steinbrink, Turner.

Nays: None. Motion carried.

Mayor Schneider turned the meeting over to Engineer Courtney to conduct a Pavement Maintenance Educational presentation with Council. A copy of the presentation is attached.

Mr. Courtney noted that there is a philosophical shift in how to maintain roads taking place. This involves setting a budget number that appropriately meets the needs instead of making the needs meet the budget number.

The following slide notes are in addition to the copy of the presentation:

- Slide 4: The more effort that is expended in maintaining a road, the longer the pavement management life curve will be.
- Slide 5: A consistent analysis of the roadways was used with a goal of raising the average PCI, Pavement Condition Index, in the Village.
- Slide 6: There are various pavement management processes, such as reclamite, crack sealing, surface treatments, mill and fill, resurfacing, rehabilitating and reconstructing.
- Slide 7: We have completed the assessment and now we need to determine the budget and increase education efforts.

- Slide 8: We can make better spending decisions based on the strategy of raising the average PCI in the Village.
- Slide 9: Results from Pavement Management Group's are shown through maps, graphs and spreadsheets. Roads vary from excellent to failed.
- Slide 10: Village's overall PCI is 62, which is fair and includes state and county roads. It is a weighted average based upon lane miles and conditions. Poor or failed roads have PCI ratings under 50 and need rehabilitated or reconstructed. The assessments are on the full width of the pavement, not just the right or left side.
- Slide 11: Lane Miles by Condition Category there are 22 lane miles of poor or failed pavement. Excellent, good and fair roads need maintenance early on to make them last longer.
- Slide 12: Low Volume Residential roads are at a PCI of 54 and do not act as cutthrough streets. Council ultimately determines what level PCI they want to be at and how much the Village wants to invest. We have a bunch of roads that are pretty bad, even though our average is 62 right now. It is more expensive to replace a road when it is older than to maintain it early on.
- Slide 13: Fox Hill photo indicates a reclamite process will help rejuvenate the asphalt (a liquid is sprayed on the surface of the road).
 - Slide 14: Chagrin River Road, north of Old Mill, is showing some cracking.
- Slide 15: Cairn Lane has edge and base cracking. It needs a full depth repair along the edge to stabilize the base and a mill and fill on the top 2 inches of the surface.
- Slide 16: Cardinal, Dorchester, Hillcreek and West Hill photographs are shown. Cardinal has more cracking and is losing its road edge. It also has pavement cracking. Dorchester has surface cracking, but not a lot of road base loss. Hillcreek has joint cracking. The average road life is between 20-30 years depending on the maintenance performed. Asphalt prices are through the roof at \$130-160 per ton right now, compared with \$60 per ton last year. It is possible to heat and peel the top 3 inches of pavement, mix it with a liquid, and put it down as a recycled surface. It has been used historically and is heat-based. Mr. Courtney provides for this option in the bidding packages.
- Slide 17: Blackberry, Chartley, Chestnut Run and Norvale West are failed pavements. Blackberry is one of the worst roads we have. It has a PCI of 14 with cracking across the road and edge failures.
- Slide 18: The pavement life curve can be extended by 15 years when a road is maintained. Reclamite gives asphalt back the things lost in the heating process, which

makes the road pliable and soft, like it was when it was original. Curbs do eliminate edge cracking, but then you have to add drainage systems.

- Slide 19: Costs of various maintenance and rehabilitation activities are detailed. Oil is a big driver for the cost of asphalt.
- Slide 20: The County may pay 50% of the \$225,000 245,000 needed to put a new 3-inch surface on Chagrin River Road north of Old Mill.
- Slide 22: The cumulative amount for an annual program is \$7,046,667. This equates to a five-year plan number of \$1,409,333 or a ten-year plan number of \$704,667 for the lowest PCI road reconstruction.
- Slide 23: The annual road program budget cost ranges indicate \$935,000 to \$1,880,000 for five and ten-year options respectively.
- Slide 24: How aggressively do we want to implement projects to raise the PCI? How do we wish to prioritize high-volume residential versus low-volume residential roadways? We can determine the typical funding split for preventative work on PCI 90+, maintenance for PCI of 50-89 and rehabilitation on those with PCIs of less than 50 on a typical annual program. Mr. Courtney noted he can build a model of how roads deteriorate over time. A second assessment can be done over the next few years, depending on what we accomplish.
- Slide 25: The slide shows three alternatives for work to be completed in the 2022 road program. The first option is to begin the process of rehabilitating the low PCI roads of Blackberry and Chestnut Run at a cost of \$811,000. The second option addresses two of the worst high-volume streets and Village access to the service yard along with Dorchester, Chartley and Carpenter at \$836,000. The third alternative involves completing as much spot repairs as we can before initiating the PCI-based program at a cost of \$786,000.

Road program bids will not be in prior to the July Council meeting. Mr. Courtney and Councilmember AuWerter can work on the options and frame the work. This meeting was to educate and provide a framework of the process.

Mr. Courtney stated the challenge will be the high and low-volume rehabilitation. We can decide a figure and then decide how to break it down. It is not necessary to do a 50/50 split on high and low-volume roads.

There being no further business, it was moved by Councilmember AuWerter, seconded by Councilmember Steinbrink, and unanimously carried, that the Council meeting be adjourned.

Roll call: Ayes: Atton, AuWerter, Press, Steinbrink, Turner.

Nays: None. Motion carried.

Respectfully submitted,

Janet M. Mulh, Clerk Pro Tem

Approved:

Karen E. Schneider, Mayor



Pavement Maintenance Educational Work Session

GATES MILLS VILLAGE COUNCIL

JUNE 28, 2022

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Our Goal is To Avoid the Same Ending

Pavement Maintenance Educational Work Session

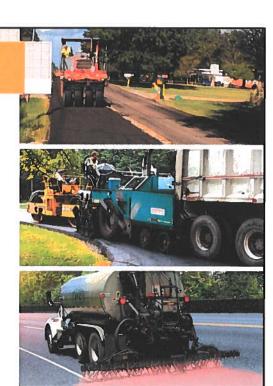
GATES MILLS VILLAGE COUNCIL

JUNE 28, 2022

Why We Are Here Tonight

Overall Objectives of Tonight's Session (1)

- Raise the Pavement Maintenance Understanding of Council
- Shift Philosophical Approach from Budget Driving Work to Need Driving Budget
- > Better Prepare Council to Respond to Villager Questions Related to Pavement Questions/Concerns
- Summarize results of PMG Village Wide Pavement Assessment
- Distinguish Programming/Budgeting Differences Between State, County, Local and Private Streets
- Review Outside Funding Opportunities for State and County Roads

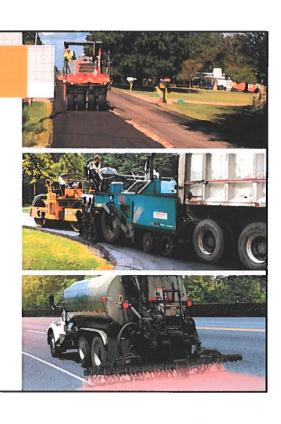


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Why We Are Here Tonight

Overall Objectives of Tonight's Session (2)

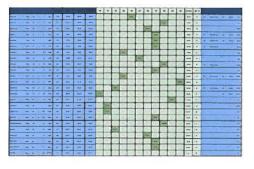
- Explain the Pavement Life Curve and Scheduling of Maintenance / Rehab / Reconstruction
- Establish the Framework for Data Driven Gates Mills Annual Road Maintenance Program
- Discuss Overall Objective of Raising Overall PCI of Village Roads to 70 (long term goal)
- Review Estimated Need for Improving all Failed and Poor Pavements in the Village
- Present Sample 5 and 10-year Road Programs Based on Overall Objective of Raising Overall PCI
- Set the Table for Admin/Council Discussions Related to Road Maintenance Budgeting and Funding



A 10,000 Foot Perspective

| Company | Comp





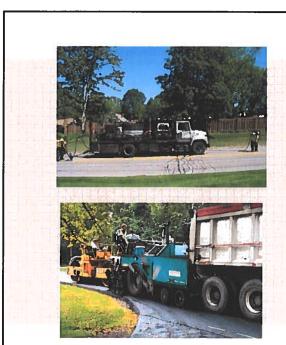
Use of PMG to Document our Roads

- Apples to Apples Consistency
- Take the Mystery Out of the Process
- Great Reporting and Presentation Materials
- Use Technology/Data to Make Better Roadway Maintenance Decisions
- GOAL Raise Overall Average PCI

2022

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At What Point in Time Do We...?

Reclamite

Crack Seal

Surface Treatments (Chip/Fog, Thin Overlay)

MIII/FIII

Resurface

Rehabilitate

Reconstruct

2022

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What Does the Process Look Like

- PMG 2022 Roadway Assessment
- Determine Overall Average PCI
- Prioritize Road Work Based on PCI
- Develop Maintenance Rec for High PCI Roads
- Develop 2/5 Year Road Plan
- **Determine Annual Budget For Roads**
- Implement Roadway Work
- Update 2/5 Year Plan Annually
- PMG Assessment Update 2-3 Years
- Repeat
- Begin Development of Predictive Model

2022

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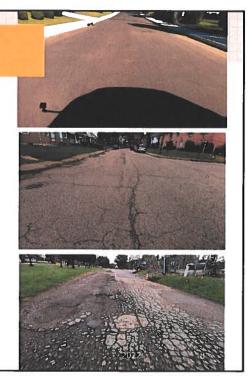
Summary

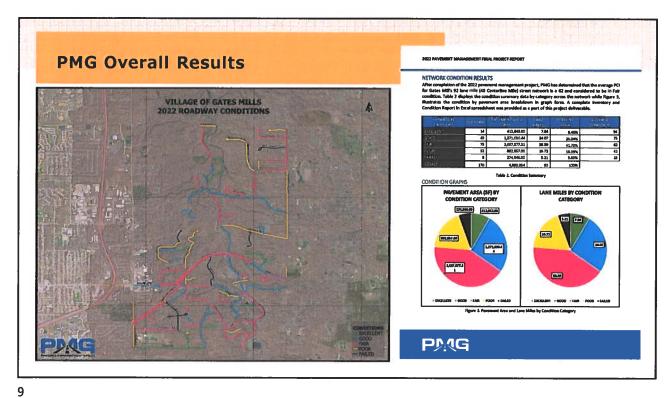
Use of PMG's pavement documentation and assessment process will allow us to develop a more complete condition assessment of our roads.

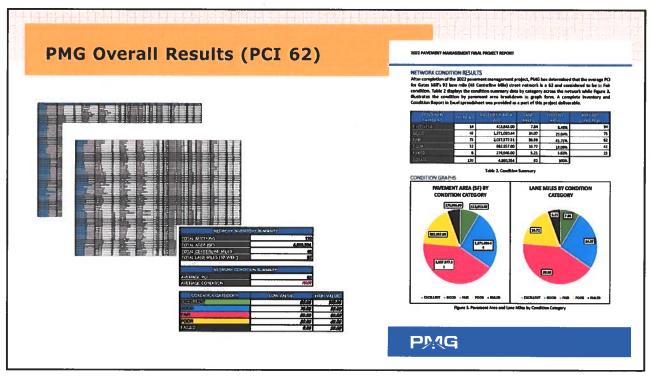
The system will allow us to develop a Village wide Average Pavement Condition Index (PCI), and

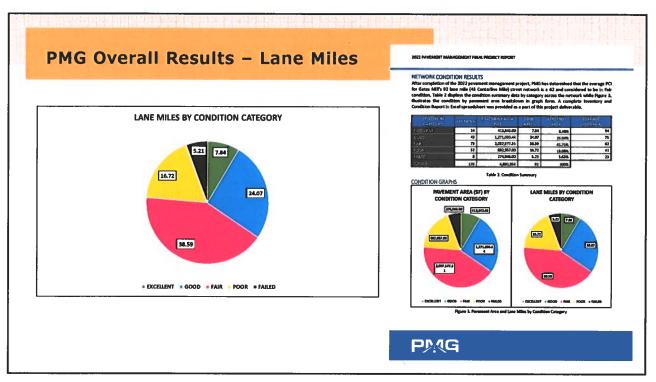
Our Pavement Management Program can then be updated with new Measurable Goals targeted at improved overall PCI

Will allow the Village to make spending decisions based on a roadway maintenance strategy that is focused on measurable long-term goals







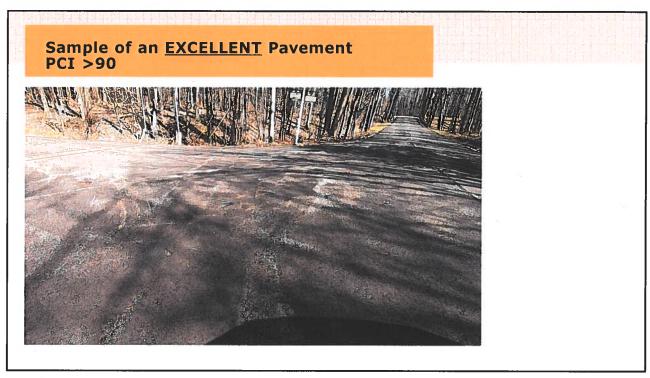


PMG Results By Local Road Type

Average Road Condition by Local Type					
	PCI				
Arterial (State Route)	64				
Collector (County Road)	67				
High Volume Residential	63				
Low Volume Residential	54				
Overall	62				

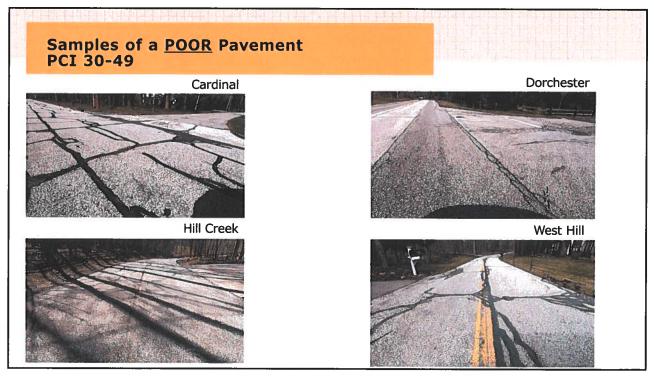
Local Roads with PCI Below 50

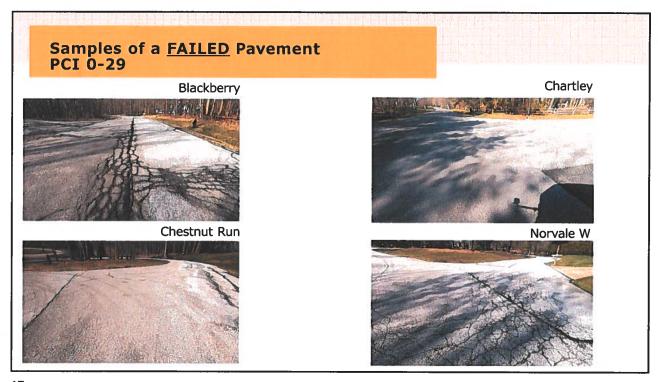
Residential		Approx	Lane	Pavement Area	
HV/LV	PCI	Length (ft)	Miles	SY	
R. Euroj	O'EL SU			Burton 1	
HV	0-19	0	0.00	0	
LV	0-19	5,292	2.00	14,111	
		The Lives	2.00	J. Carrie	
HV	20-29	3,333	1.26	8,889	
LV	20-29	4,583	1.74	12,222	
			3.00		
HV	30-39	3,125	1.18	8,333	
LV	30-39	12,083	4.58	32,222	
	ELVI I		5.76		
HV	40-49	0 0.00		0	
LV	40-49	14,583	5.52	38,889	
		THE WILM	5.52		

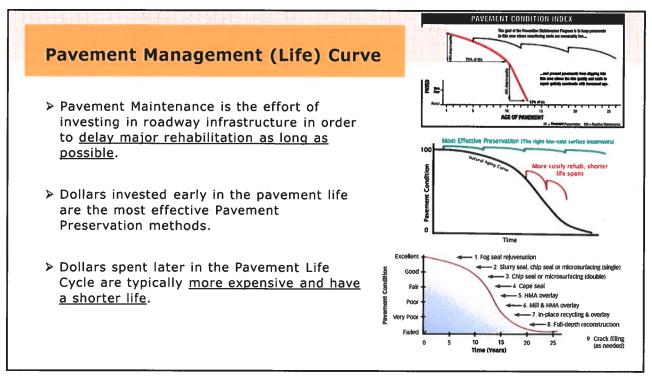












Maintenance / Rehabilitation Activities Based on PCI

PCI 90 and Above

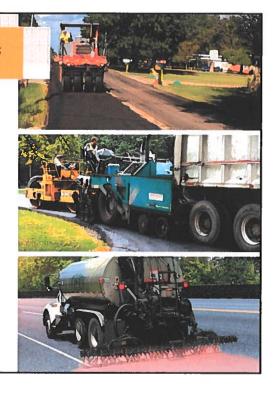
Reclamite (\$1.00/SY) Crack Seal (Variable)

PCI 50-89

Reclamite (\$1.00/SY)
Crack Seal (Variable)
Spot Mill/Fill (\$35-\$40/SY)
Spot Full Depth Repairs (\$75/SY)
Asphalt Surface Recycling (\$15/SY=150k/LM)
2" Mill/Fill of Surface (\$50/SY=350k/LM)

PCI Below 50

Full Depth Recycling/Overlay(\$60/SY=455k/LM)
Complete Removal/Replacement (\$80/SY=\$560/LM)



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Where we Stand at This Moment

Initiate a Pavement Maintenance Strategy that will <u>Elevate the Average PCI to 70</u>.

State Routes - Arterials

With ODOT Completion of SOM this Year Average PCI will be Raised to 70

County Roads - Collectors

Currently 67. With Potential Life Extending Surface Recycling of Chagrin River Road with County in 2023, Average PCI will be Raised to 70

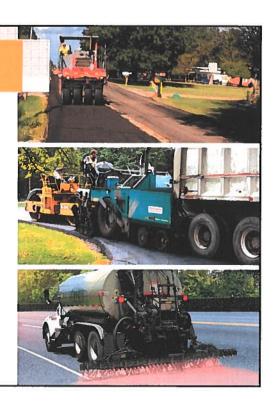
High Volume Residential - Cut-Throughs / Feeders

Currently Stands at <u>63</u> - Pending Decisions

Low Volume Residential - Cul-De-Sacs / Short

Currently Stands at 54 - Pending Decisions

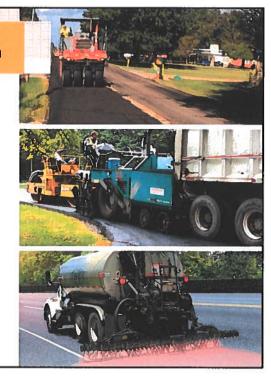
How Programming Rebuilding of State/County Roads Differs from a Local Street Program



Typical Framework for Annual Program

Annual Road Program Sections

- 1. County Road Maintenance (with 50% Reimbursement)
- Reclamite and Crack Sealing of Good-High PCI Roads (70+ PCI)
- Spot Mill/Fill and Full Depth Repairs of Problem Areas and Hot Spots (PCI N/A)
- Complete 2" Mill/Fill of Middling PCI Roads (PC 41-69) to Extend Life
- Rehab/Reconstruction of Low PCI Roads (PCI <40) (See Summary Chart of Need and Costs Next Slide)



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Calculating the Need

Low PCI Road Reconstruction Need and Cost

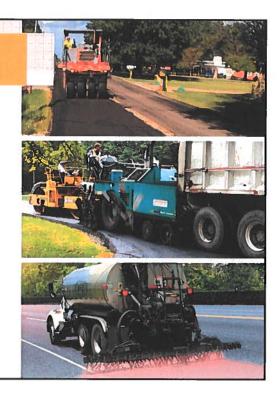
Residential		Approx	Lane	Pavement Area	Rehabilitation	Estimated	Cost for Each		5-year	10-year	# Streets	# Hornes
HV/LV	PCI	Length (ft)	Miles	SY	Cost Per SY	Cost	PCI "Bracket"	Cumulative	Program	Program	In Bracket	on Streets
										-		
HV	0-19	0	0.00	0	\$60	\$0					0	0
LV	0-19	5,292	2.00	14,111	\$60	\$846,667	\$846,667	\$846,667	\$169,333	\$84,667	3	37
			2.00			Hall of					TOTAL I	MITTIE
HV	20-29	3,333	1,26	8,889	\$60	\$533,333					1	27
LV	20-29	4,583	1.74	12,222	\$60	\$733,333	\$1,265,667	\$2,113,333	\$422,667	\$211,333	3	40
- 271			3.00					223	14-7-11		Carl III	
HV	30-39	3,125	1.18	8,333	\$80	\$666,667					1	15
LV	30-39	12,083	4.58	32,222	\$60	\$1,933,333	\$2,600,000	\$4,713,333	\$942,667	\$471,333	7	86
	1.0		5.76	SWITTER							Market and	
HV	40-49	0	0.00	0	\$60	\$0					0	0
LV	40-49	14,583	5.52	38,889	\$60	\$2,333,333	\$2,333,333	\$7,046,667	\$1,409,333	\$704,667	7	100
			5.52				100	THE REAL PROPERTY.	1015		let mel	

How do we differentiate between Budgeting HV vs LV Roads?

Budgeting for the Future

Annual Road Program Budgeting

	Cost Range			
Section	Low (5yr)	High (10yr)		
County Road Maintenance (50% Reimbusement)	\$50,000	\$200,000		
Reclamite/Crack Seal (PCI >70)	\$40,000	\$50,000		
Partial/Full Depth Repairs (Hot Spots)	\$20,000	\$30,000		
Complete Mill/Fill or Surface Recycling (PCI 41-69)	\$125,000	\$200,000		
Rehab/Reconstruct Low PCI (PCI <40)	\$700,000	\$1,400,000		
	\$935,000	\$1,880,000		



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Critical Questions for Council

- ➤ How aggressively (annual funding) do we want to implement projects to raise the PCI?
- How to Prioritize High Volume Residential vs Low Volume Residential Roadways?
- ➤ Determination of Typical Funding Split for Preventative (PCI 90+) - Maintenance (PCI 50-89) - Rehabilitation (PCI <50) on a Typical Annual Program.

